

# Forest Biomass Procurement and Processing Strategies

## April 25<sup>th</sup>, 2013

Eric Maki  
President  
Midwest Forest Products Company  
Hayward, WI

Wood Procurement Manager  
Indeck Ladysmith Biofuel Center  
Ladysmith, WI

# Forest Products Industry Value Wisconsin and Minnesota

| Industry Output                        | Employee Compensation          | # of Jobs        |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|
| WI \$14.9 BILLION<br>MN \$ 7.8 BILLION | \$3.6 BILLION<br>\$1.4 BILLION | 99,318<br>67,300 |

# Mill Closures – Lake States (Since 2005)

|                                      |                 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| • Verso Paper, Sartell, MN           | 160,000cords    |
| • Georgia Pacific, Duluth, MN        | 90,000          |
| • Ainsworth, Bemidji, MN             | 325,000         |
| • Ainsworth, Grand Rapids, MN        | 325,000         |
| • Ainsworth, Cook, MN                | 325,000         |
| • Truss-Joist McMillan, Deerwood, MN | 125,000         |
| • Wausau Papers, Brokaw, WI          | 157,000         |
| • New Page Corp, Niagara, WI         | 150,000         |
| • Domtar, Port Edwards, WI           | 150,000         |
| • Georgia Pacific, Gaylord, MI       | 174,000         |
| • Menasha, Otsego, MI                | 109,000         |
| • Sappi, Muskegon, MI                | 217,000         |
| • Smurfit Stone Container, Ont. MI   | 150,000         |
| • TOTAL                              | 2,457,000 cords |

# How much wood is available for industry?

In the Lakes States, (MN, WI, & MI) quite a bit...

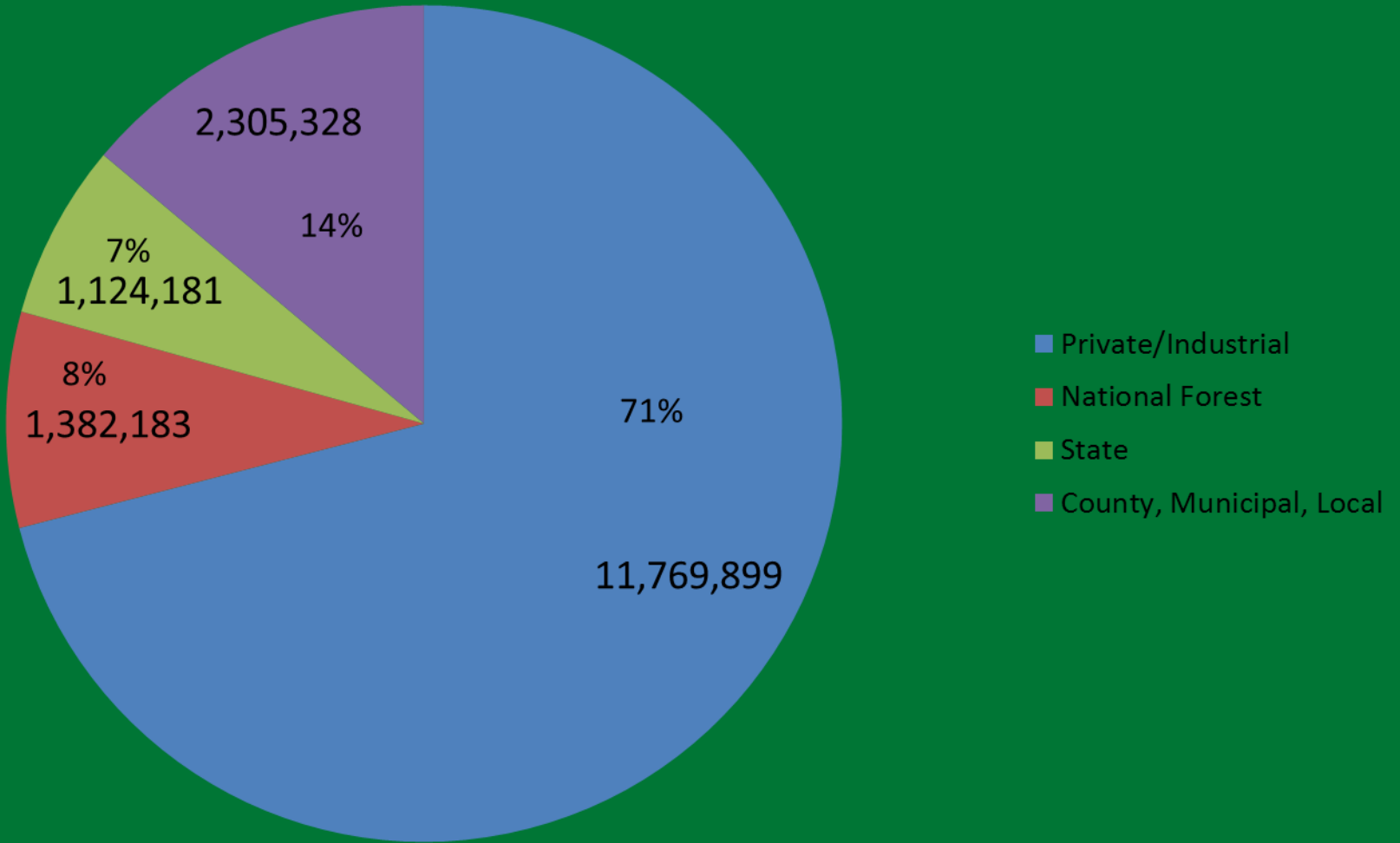
Wisconsin Growing Stock: 301.88 million cords

Minnesota Growing Stock: 221.53 million cords

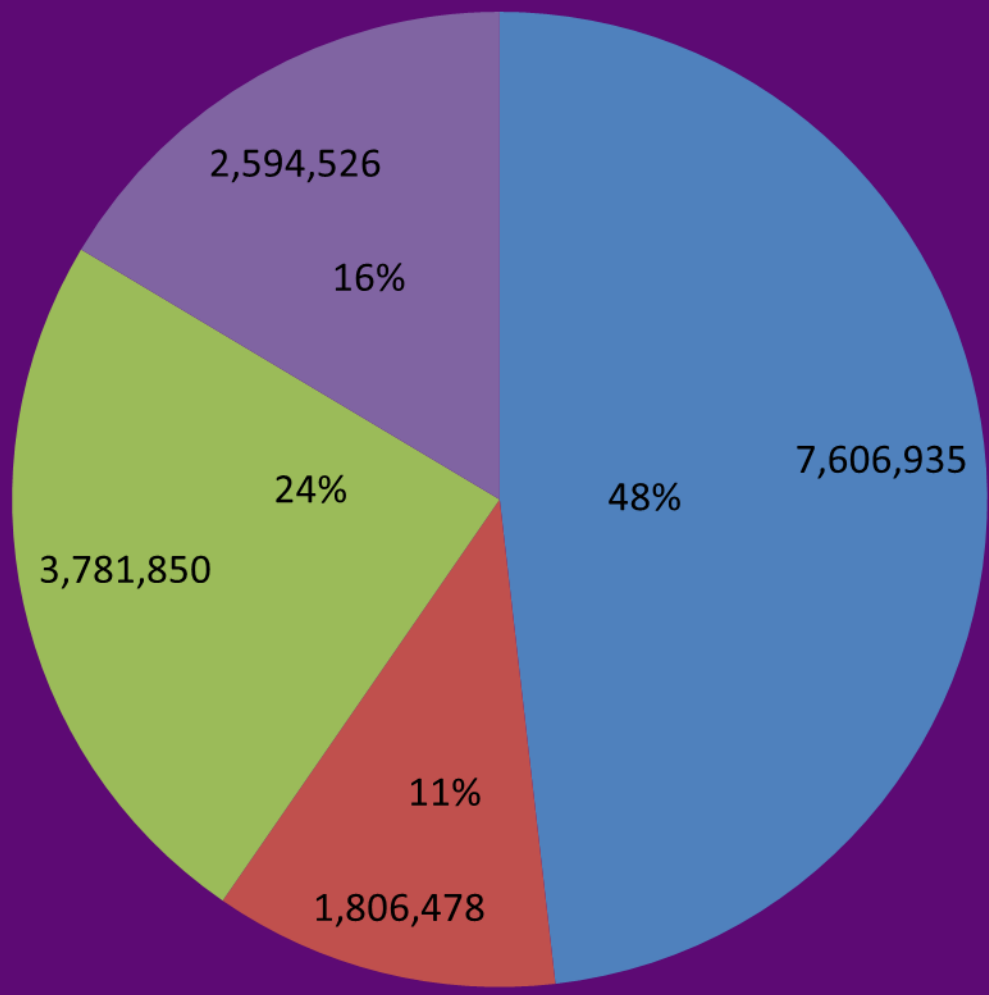
1 cord = 128 cubic feet (a log pile 4' high x 4' wide x 8' long)  
(approximately 2 tons)

What is sustainable harvest? 80% of net growth.

**Wisconsin Timberland  
16,581,591 Acres**

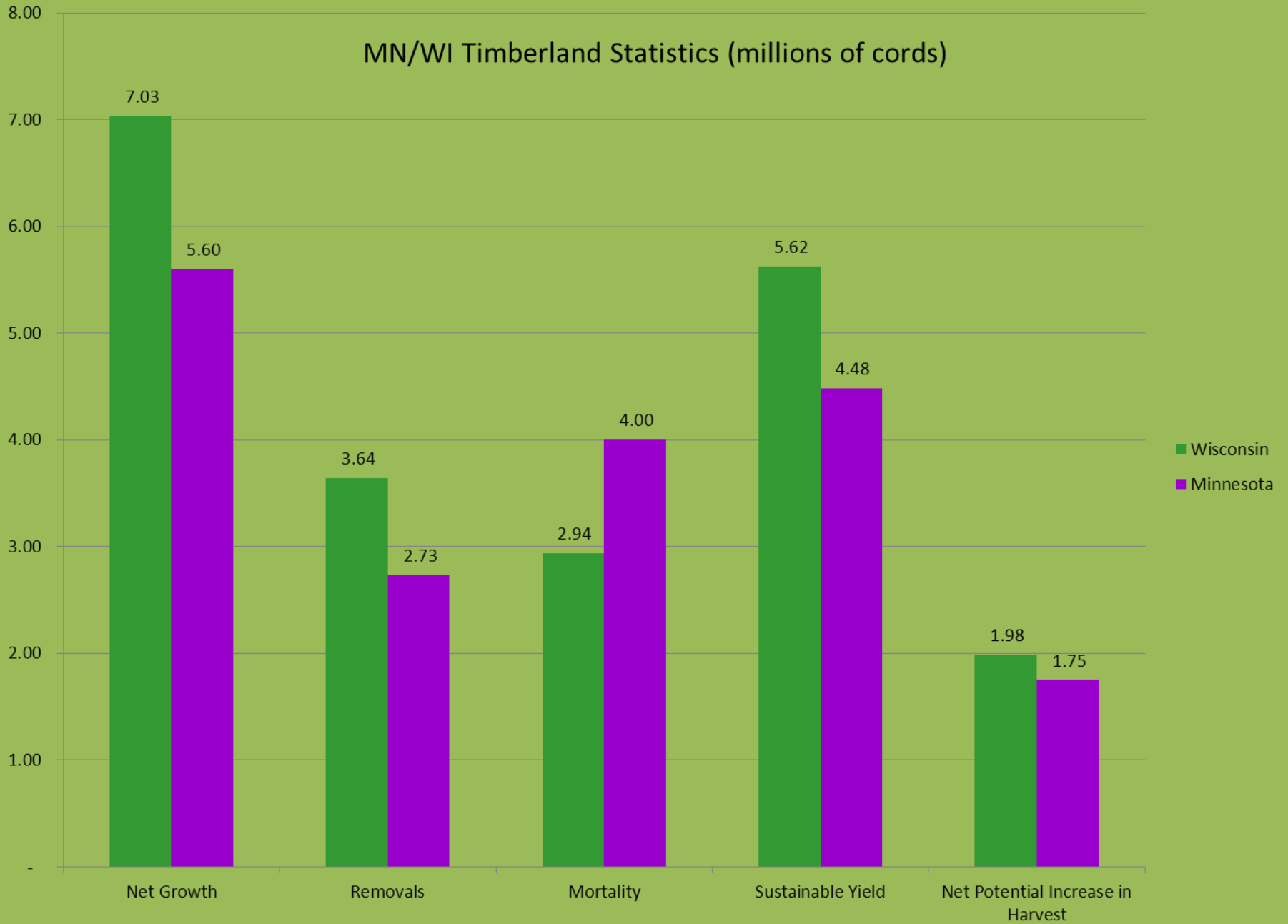


**Minnesota Timberland  
15,789,789 Acres**



- Private/Industrial
- National Forest
- State
- County, Municipal, Local

# MN/WI Timberland Statistics (millions of cords)



What kind of wood does a pellet mill need?

- Any kind, as long as it is made of wood...

Is species important?

- Not necessarily, but density is!

Species density categories:

- High Density: Ash, birch, cherry, elm, hickory, ironwood, maple, oak.
- Medium Density: Aspen
- Low Density: Basswood
- Softwood: Spruce, pine, fir, hemlock, tamarack  
Cedar is not desirable



How much wood does a pellet mill need?

Let's pick a hypothetical number of 75,000 cords per year.

What does it take to produce this amount of wood?

One 2-person logging crew (mechanized) can produce 60 cords per day.

300 cords per week x 46 production weeks = 13,800 cords per year.

So, in simple terms, 5 1/2 full-time logging crews could supply this pellet mill.

But that's not how it works...

Loggers have diversified customer bases, and produce different types of

Products:

Sawlogs

Bolts

Pulpwood

Fuelwood

Biomass

Since you can't buy 100% of a logger's production, you must increase your customer base. (5 1/2 logging crews might turn into 50 logging crews)

Roundwood supply is supplemented by sawmill residue (chips and sawdust.)  
Densities are separated based on wood species.

Let's say half of your feedstock is roundwood, and half is residue.  
You will need to buy about 37,500 cords of wood, and 75,000 tons of residue.

Your supplier base may be comprised of 60 different entities –

Timber Producers (Loggers)

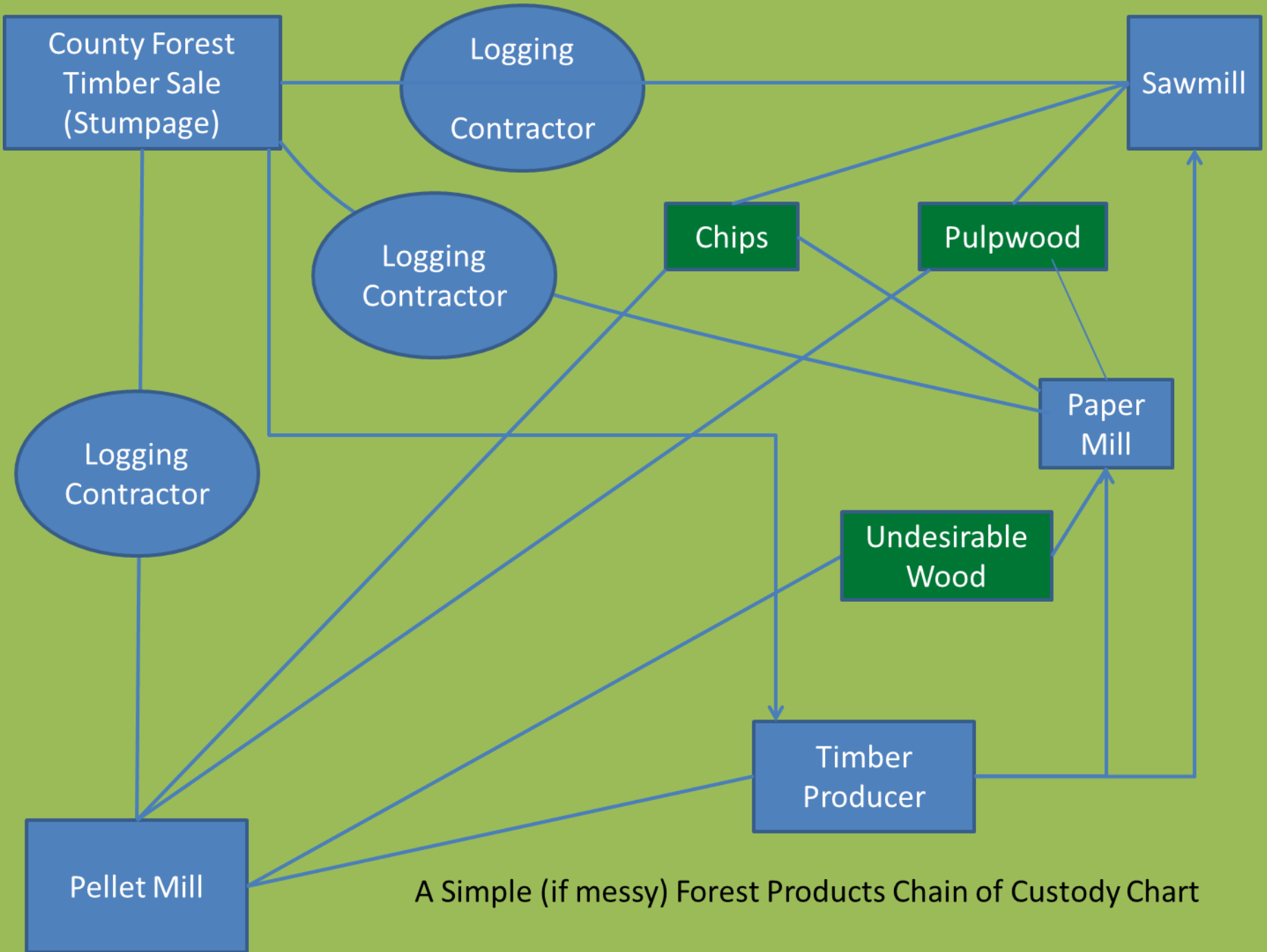
Sawmills

Secondary Manufacturers (Cabinet Factory)

Paper Mill

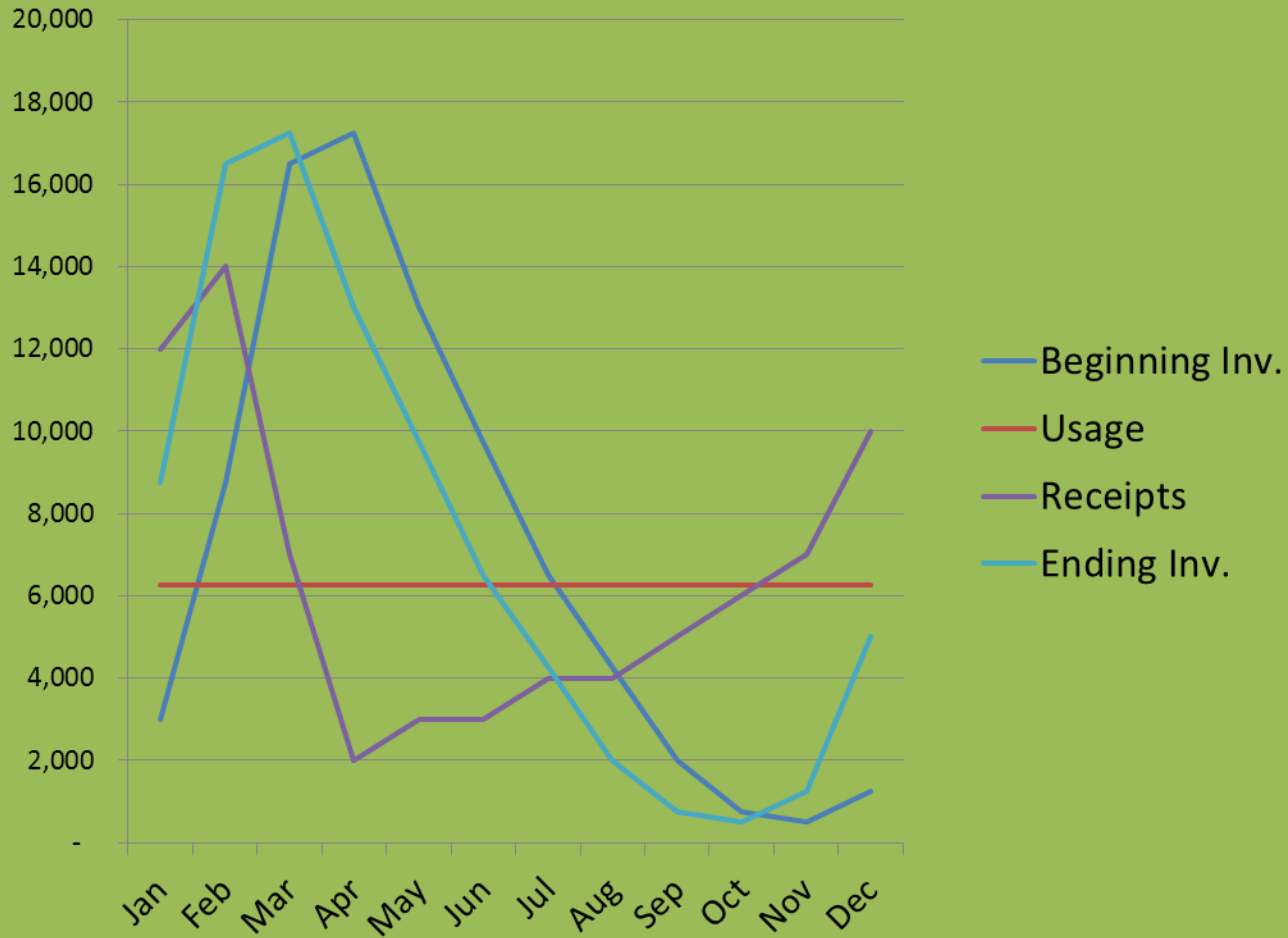
Industrial Landowner

- Quarterly contracts
- Weekly payments



A Simple (if messy) Forest Products Chain of Custody Chart

# Basic line graph for annual roundwood procurement



# Example of a Receipts, Usage and Inventory Chart

|                | Jan    | Feb    | Mar    | Apr    | May    | Jun   | Jul   | Aug   | Sep   | Oct   | Nov   | Dec    |        |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Beginning Inv. | 3,000  | 8,750  | 16,500 | 17,250 | 13,000 | 9,750 | 6,500 | 4,250 | 2,000 | 750   | 500   | 1,250  |        |
| Usage          | 6,250  | 6,250  | 6,250  | 6,250  | 6,250  | 6,250 | 6,250 | 6,250 | 6,250 | 6,250 | 6,250 | 6,250  | 75,000 |
| Receipts       | 12,000 | 14,000 | 7,000  | 2,000  | 3,000  | 3,000 | 4,000 | 4,000 | 5,000 | 6,000 | 7,000 | 10,000 | 77,000 |
| Ending Inv.    | 8,750  | 16,500 | 17,250 | 13,000 | 9,750  | 6,500 | 4,250 | 2,000 | 750   | 500   | 1,250 | 5,000  |        |



A typical logging job in the north woods  
in January... Or April, it's hard to tell the difference.





Photo courtesy of Ponsse, Oyj.





Photo courtesy of Ponsse, Oyj.





Photo courtesy of John Deere & Company





Photo courtesy of John Deere & Company



Top-loading Chips at a Sawmill

# Self-unloading Chip Van





# Chip Dump



# Indeck Ladysmith's 70' automated scale



# Raw Material





Loading the  
Deck with  
Roundwood.







View of  
Debarker  
Outfeed  
From  
Chipper.



Face of Chipper



Feedstock



Eric Maki  
Midwest Forest Products Company  
Indeck Ladysmith, LLC  
(715)634-8955  
[www.midwestforestproducts.com](http://www.midwestforestproducts.com)  
[www.indeckpellets.com](http://www.indeckpellets.com)

Thanks to:

- MN Department of Natural Resources
- WI Department of Natural Resources
- United States Forest Service Forest Inventory and Analysis Program
  - John Deere
  - Ponsse